

Sharon Puello MA RD CDN CDCES

What is Dementia?

Most People Think of it as Just Forgetfullness.. But it's So Much More

- Trouble thinking of the words that you want to say
- Difficulty processing images
- Trouble with thinking through a problem carefully
- Physical inability to control the body



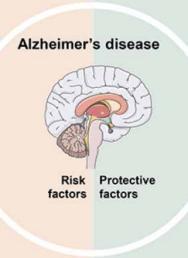
Combined, the effects of dementia greatly affect the quality of life a person has, and can significantly change their personality.

What If Dementia Could Be Prevented?



Risk Factors for Alzheimer's:

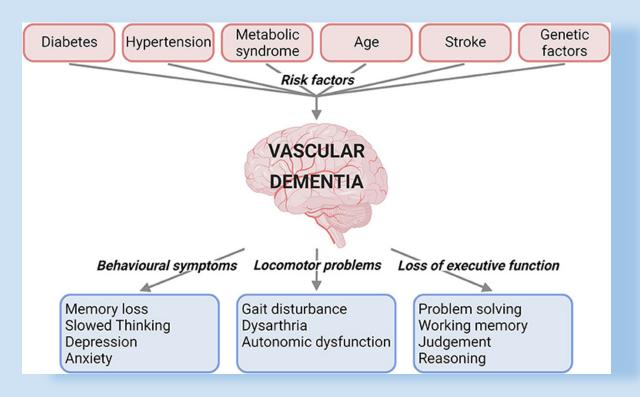
Type 2 diabetes
Large BP variability
Dyslipidemia
Midlife obesity
Cardiovascular diseases
Traumatic brain injury
Hyperhomocysteinemia
Hearing loss
Oral diseases
Depression and stress
Sleep disturbances
Smoking
Air pollution
Anticholinergic medication



High education
Cognitive activity
Bilingualism
Social engagement
Marriage
Physical activity
Moderate alcohol intake
Moderate coffee, tea intake
Mediterranean diet
MIND diet, DASH diet
Ketogenic diet
Vitamins, Flavonoid
PUFA and fish intake
HDL- cholesterol

Source: Zhang, X., Tian, Y., Wang, Z., Ma, Y., Tan, L., & Yu, J. (2021). The Epidemiology of Alzheimer's Disease Modifiable Risk factors and Prevention. *JPAD*, 1–9. https://doi.org/10.14283/jpad.2021.15

Risk Factors of Vascular Dementia:



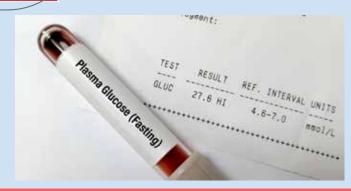
Source: Parsi, M. M., Duval, C., & Ariëns, R. a. S. (2021). Vascular dementia and crosstalk between the complement and coagulation systems. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine*, 8. https://doi.org/10.3389/fcvm.2021.803169

What is Metabolic Syndrome?

BLOOD PRESSURE CATEGORY	SYSTOLIC mm Hg (upper number)		DIASTOLIC mm Hg (lower number)
NORMAL	LESS THAN 120	and	LESS THAN 80
ELEVATED	120 - 129	and	LESS THAN 80
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (HYPERTENSION) STAGE 1	130 – 139	or	80 - 89
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (HYPERTENSION) STAGE 2	140 OR HIGHER	or	90 OR HIGHER
HYPERTENSIVE CRISIS (consult your doctor immediately)	HIGHER THAN 180	and/or	HIGHER THAN 120



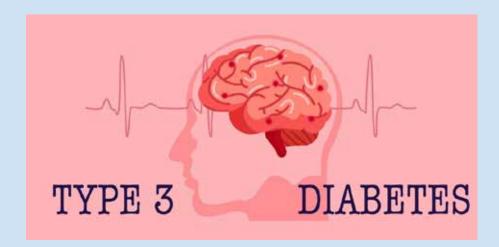




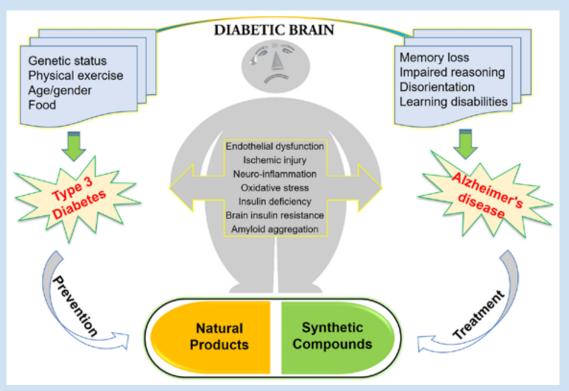
What is the Major Commonality?

....Blood Sugar Control!

There's Even a New Name for Alzheimer's......



Type 3 Diabetes:



Source: Nguyen, T. T., Ta, Q. T. H., Nguyen, T. K. O., Nguyen, T. T. D., & Van Giau, V. (2020). Type 3 diabetes and its role implications in Alzheimer's disease. *International Journal of Molecular Sciences*, 21(9), 3165. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms21093165

The Guru of Alzheimer's Prevention, and His Recommended Labs:

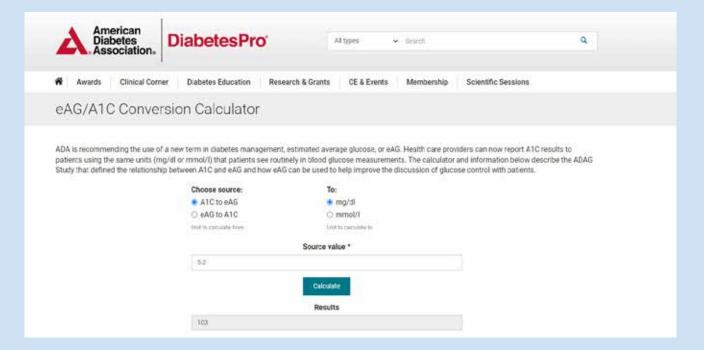
- ♦ APOE4
- Homocysteine
- ❖ A1c
- Fasting Insulin
- Advanced Lipid Panel
- Vit. D
- Full Thyroid Panel (including antibodies)
- ❖ Ferritin
- ❖ TIBC
- * RBC Magnesium



- Zinc
- Copper
- Vit. A
- ❖ Vit. E
- C-reactive Protein

- Cortisol
- **♦** B-12
- Folate

What Are We Really Looking For In Terms Of a Target A1c?



An A1c of 5.2% or less means that your blood sugar is spending most of its time in the normal range.

The One Major Change You Can Make...



Decrease your intake of added sugars to < 25 grams daily.

Nutrition Facts Serving size: 1 cup (37g) Amount per serving 140 Calories As Packaged Food component / % DV* Amount Nutrient As Packaged As Packaged Total Fat 2% Saturated Fat 0 g 0% Trans Fat 0 g Polyunsaturated Fat 0.5a Monounsaturated Fat 0.5a Cholesterol 0 m a 0% Sodium 210ma 9% Total Carbohydrate 30g 11% Dietary Fiber 3g 10% Soluble Fiber 1g Total Sugars 12g Incl. Added Sugars 12g 24% Protein 3 g 20% Vitamin D 4mcg Calcium 130mg 10% 3.6mg Iron 20%

Another Example...

Nutrition Facts

4.0 servings per container

Serving size 1 container (150g)

Serving Size I (container (130g)
Amount per serving Calories	120
	% Daily value*
Total Fat 3g	4%
Saturated Fat 1.5g	8%
Trans Fat 0g	0%
Cholesterol 15mg	5%
Sodium 55mg	2%
Total Carbohydrate 10g	4%
Dietary Fiber 1g	2%
Sugar 9g	0%
Added Sugar 5g	10%
Protein 12g	24%
Calcium	10%
Potassium	4%

^{*}The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.





Ingredients

Cultured Lowfat Milk, Cane Sugar, Water, Strawberry Puree, Fruit Pectin, Natural Flavors, Locust Bean Gum, Fruit and Vegetable Juice Concentrate (for Color), Guar Gum, Lemon Juice Concentrate, 6 Live and Active Cultures: S. Thermophilus, L. Bulgaricus, L. Acidophilus, Bifidus, L. Casei, and L. Rhamnosus.

Allergen Info

Contains Milk and its Derivatives. Free from Cereals and Their Derivatives.

Disclaimer

Actual product packaging and materials may contain additional and/or different ingredient, nutritional, or proper usage information than the information displayed on our website. ... Read More

What About Artificial Sweeteners?



Artificial Sweeteners and Stroke:

Sugar- and Artificially Sweetened Beverages and the Risks of Incident Stroke and Dementia A Prospective Cohort Study

Matthew P. Pase, PhD; Jayandra J. Himali, PhD; Alexa S. Beiser, PhD; Hugo J. Aparicio, MD; Claudia L. Satizabal, PhD; Ramachandran S. Vasan, MD; Sudha Seshadri, MD*; Paul F. Jacques, DSc*

Buckground and Purpose—Sugar- and artificially-sweetened beverage intake have been linked to cardiometabolic risk factors, which increase the risk of cerebrovascular disease and dementia. We examined whether sugar- or artificially sweetened beverage consumption was associated with the prospective risks of incident stroke or dementia in the community-based Framingham Heart Study Offspring cohort.

Methods—We studied 2888 participants aged >45 years for incident stroke (mean age 62 [SD, 9] years; 45% men) and 1484 participants aged >60 years for incident dementia (mean age 69 [SD, 6] years; 46% men). Beverage intake was quantified using a food-frequency questionnaire at cohort examinations 5 (1991–1995), 6 (1995–1998), and 7 (1998–2001). We quantified recent consumption at examination 7 and cumulative consumption by averaging across examinations. Surveillance for incident events commenced at examination 7 and continued for 10 years. We observed 97 cases of incident stroke (82 ischemic) and 81 cases of incident dementia (63 consistent with Alzheimer's disease).

Results—After adjustments for age, sex, education (for analysis of dementia), caloric intake, diet quality, physical activity, and smoking, higher recent and higher cumulative intake of artificially sweetened soft drinks were associated with an increased risk of ischemic stroke, all-cause dementia, and Alzheimer's disease dementia. When comparing daily cumulative intake to 0 per week (reference), the hazard ratios were 2.96 (95% confidence interval, 1.26–6.97) for ischemic stroke and 2.89 (95% confidence interval, 1.18–7.07) for Alzheimer's disease. Sugar-sweetened beverages were not associated with stroke or dementia.

Conclusions—Artificially sweetened soft drink consumption was associated with a higher risk of stroke and dementia. (Stroke, 2017;48:00-00, DOI: 10.1161/STROKEAHA.116.016027.)

Artificial Sweeteners Are NOT a Healthy Shortcut!

In the first 3-6 months after a stroke, ~25% of people develop dementia.

But Wait, I Don't Use Splenda...or Do I?







Cultured Non Fat Milk, Water, Strawberries, Less Than 1%: Natural & Artificial Flavors, Black Carrot Juice & Carmine (For Color), Modified Food Starch, Acesulfame Potassium Sucralose, Fructose, Malic Acid, Potassium Sorbate (10 maintain Fresnness), Active Yogurt Cultures L. Bulgaricus & S. Thermophilus.

At least 50% less fat than average flavored Greek yogurt Light & Fit: 80 calories, 0g fat Average flavored Greek yogurt: 110 calories, 1g fat per 5.3 oz serving

Most people are consuming them, they just don't know...

Always look for the words sucralose, acesulfame potassium, and aspartame in the ingredients.

The MIND Diet vs DASH Diet vs Mediterranean:



WHAT'S ON THE MIND DIET?

AT LEAST THREE SERVINGS OF WHOLE GRAINS EACH DAY

AT LEAST ONE DARK GREEN SALAD AND ONE OTHER VEGETABLE EACH DAY





BERRIES AT LEAST TWICE A WEEK





BEANS OR LEGUMES AT LEAST EVERY OTHER DAY



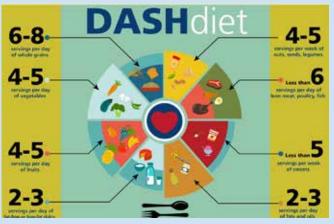


NO MORE THAN ONE TABLESPOON A DAY OF BUTTER OR MARGARINE: CHOOSE OLIVE OIL INSTEAD



CHEESE, FRIED FOOD AND FAST FOOD NO MORE











PRACTICE DAILY

Supplements for Healthy People to Preserve Cognitive Function

 Lutein and Zeaxanthin

Magnesium (400 mg as opposed to high-dose)

- Multivitamin











Source:

- Mixed corpteroids: Blokesing Pispara
- Lycopene: notural tomato concentrate
- Lutein: marigold flower extract
- · Zeosonthis: synthetic
- . Vitamin C: corn deutrose fermentation
- Vitamin D₁: cholesterol from wool for Japolini
- Vitamin E saybear oil
- · Vitania K.: synthetic
- · August 47: plumenc
- Vitamin B₁ phiarrine HCI; synthetic
- Vitamin B₂ piboflaving com dextrose fermentation
- · Nacinamide and Nacin: synthetic
- · Ytamin by galoum pareithenate; synthetic
- Vitanin II. lovridousi HCII: synthetic
- Vitamin B_C (methylcobalanin): com destrate fermentation
- Folic acid (Metafolis*, L-5-MTHF); synthetic.
- · Basin synthetic
- · Alpha lipsic acid synthetic
- Miserals: naturally derived from limestoneSources of the mineral chelates include:
- . Citrone: com dextrose fermentation
- · Glychote synthetic
- Mixed constenoid graffie typically contains 4,500 mag beta constene, 125 mag lycopene, 250 mag lytein and 50 mag zeawanthin
- Turneric extract is derived from Curcuma lange root and standardized to contain 99% curcuminoids.
- Grape seed extract is derived from Vitte virillera seed and standardized to contain 92% polyphenols.
- Powegranate extract is derived from Punica granatum L. whole fruit and standardized to contain 40% puricosides

So Does Prevagen Really Work?





That's kind of up in the air; there's no studies in humans that shows that it does.

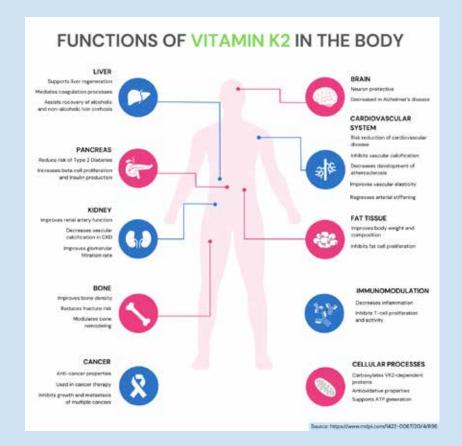
More important, is the effect it's supposed to have on the body..the mechanism of action is purported to be the binding of excess calcium in the brain.

There's another nutrition though that's super important to making sure calcium goes where it needs to...

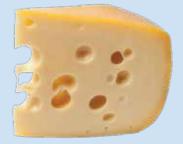
Vitamin K2

Vitamin K2 helps tell the body to deposit the calcium you take in, into the bones, instead of in other tissues of the body. It also has many other uses...







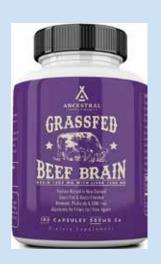




Supplements That May Help Decrease Age-Related Cognitive Decline

- Fish Oil
- Animal-Based Phosphatidylserine





Food-based options that contain high levels of spermidine can also help!



Supplements Potentially Beneficial in Mild Cognitive Impairment

- ❖ Acetyl-L-Carnitine
- Ashwagandha
- ❖ B-vitamins (specifically, vitamins B-1, B-12, B-6 and Folate)
- Fish Oil (may only help though if B-vitamins levels are adequate + has greatest benefit in those who don't regularly consume fish)
- L-arginine
- MCT
- Probiotics (specifically L. Rhamanosus GG)
- Vitamin D (intake sufficient to maintain a moderate vit. D level)

Supplements Potentially Beneficial in Alzheimer's

- Acetyl-L-Carnitine
- Choline (specifically CDP choline)
- Fish Oil
- Huperzine A*
- High-Dose Vitamin E (~2000 IU daily)*
- Magnolia Bark



One Last Note.. Dental Care is Super Important!







Chronic gum disease is associated with a higher risk of vascular dementia.

